EXHIBIT 4

1	FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
2	IN COLLABORATION WITH THE NATIONAL CANCER INSTITUTE
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6	Methodological Considerations in Evaluation of
7	Cancer as an Adverse Outcome Associated with
8	Use of Non-Oncological Drugs and Biological
9	Products in the Post-Approval Setting
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15	Thursday, September 11, 2014
16	8:02 a.m. to 3:56 p.m.
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19	Double Tree by Hilton Hotel
20	The Pinnacle Grand Ballroom
21	8727 Colesville Road
22	Silver Spring, Maryland

Meeting Roster 1 PANEL MEMBERS 2 Elizabeth B. Andrews, PhD, MPH, BA 3 4 Vice President Pharmacoepidemiology and Risk Management 5 RTI Health Solutions 6 Research Triangle Park, North Carolina 7 8 9 Laurent Azoulay, PhD Assistant Professor 10 Department of Oncology 11 McGill University 12 Center for Clinical Epidemiology 13 Lady Davis Institute, Jewish General Hospital 14 15 Montreal, Quebec, Canada 16 Laurie Habel, PhD, MPH 17 18 Research Scientist/Epidemiologist Section Chief, Cancer Research 19 Kaiser Permanente, Division of Research 20 Oakland, California 21 22

6 FDA MODERATORS/PRESENTERS MEETING TEAM 1 Marie Bradley, PhD, MPH, M.Pharm 2 Cancer Prevention Fellow 3 4 Clinical and Translational Epidemiology Branch Division of Cancer Control and Population Sciences 5 National Cancer Institute 6 National Institutes of Health 7 Rockville, Maryland 8 Fellow in Pharmacoepidemiology Division 9 Division of Epidemiology-II 10 OPE, CDER, FDA 11 12 Psachal Calloway, MBA 13 Health Science Administrator 14 15 Office of Pharmacovigilance and Epidemiology 16 Office of Surveillance and Epidemiology Center for Drug Evaluation and Research 17 18 Food and Drug Administration 19 Silver Spring, Maryland 20 21

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Andrew N. Freedman, PhD 1 Chief 2 Clinical and Translational Epidemiology Branch 3 4 Epidemiology and Genomics Research Program DCCPS, NCI, NIH 5 Bethesda, Maryland 6 7 David J. Graham, MD, MPH 8 Associate Director for Science and Medicine 9 OPE, OSE, CDER, FDA 10 11 12 Cherice N. Holloway Public Health Analyst 13 Outreach and Communications Team 14 15 OSE, CDER, FDA 16 John K.Leighton, PhD, DABT 17 18 Acting Director Division of Hematology Oncology Toxicology 19 Office of Hematology and Oncology Products 20 Office of Drug Evaluation-IV 21 22 CDER, FDA

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DR. GRAHAM: Just to sort of address your question, Howard, the work that we're doing with pancreatic cancer, we're using -- it's within our SIMS database, so we're using the SEER diagnosed cases. So there, they have been classified by SEER as pancreatic cancer. So those are the cases that we're using in our diabetes work.

We have developed an algorithm for pancreatic cancer that has very good performance, and our next step will be, when we've completed the study in SIMS -- which actually we're going to be looking at the very first analyses next Tuesday.

When we finish that, we'll then take the algorithm, apply it to the entire Medicare database to test our principle of developing an algorithm in the SEER-Medicare environment, applying it to the entire Medicare environment, getting some of those medical records, and seeing if the results we get in the entire population are the same as the results we got in SEER, that we'll get in SEER and this assay sensitivity.

Then if that works, then the third step will

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be to tackle drugs, and the incretins are at the top of our list there. There is a lot of concern about that within the agency, the incretins in pancreatic cancer. The public speaker? DR. WONG: DR. HECKMAN-STODDARD: Brandy Heckman-Stoddard, NCI. Dr. Graham, I also wanted to have you comment on the algorithms in terms of when they were developed in the past years in terms of time and what type of data was used to develop the algorithm, because as statins have increased in usage and the types of treatment for diabetes have changed over time, the risk of microvascular complications may change. So those algorithms might have been developed on earlier data that may not be relevant to today's treatment of diabetes. DR. GRAHAM: Right. The data that we used for the algorithms covered the period from 2005 to 2009. So we used SEER data from 2005 to 2009 to develop the algorithms. When we get the data for 2010 and '11 and do